



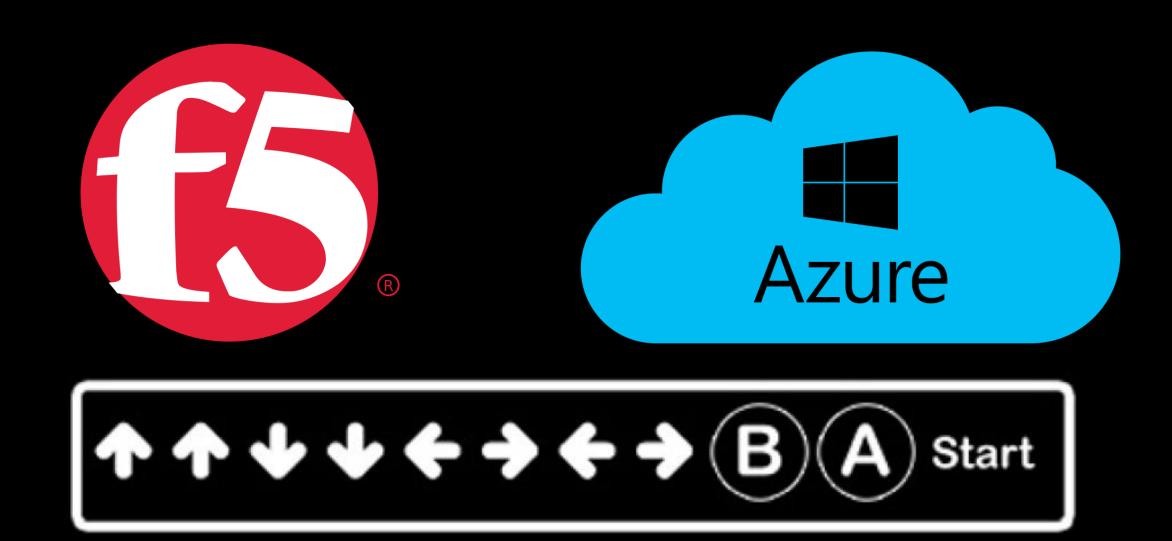
WHY ARE WE HERE?

- Secure connectivity to the cloud is the biggest hurdle to DoD's cloud adoption
- DoD needs a secure architecture that is easy to deploy and repeatable
- This architecture needs to comply with SCCA FRD
- Enable DoD's cloud adoption
 - Agility
 - Scalability
 - Power
 - Speed



F5 Partnership

- F5's platform covers almost every SCCA requirement
- Large presence in DoD today
- Understanding of DoD policy
- Passionate about the DoD's success



Let's start the demo!

State of DOD Cloud





Lots of Barriers to Cloud Adoption



- Cloud Access Points
- VDSS/VDMS Requirements
- FIPS Compliance
- Contracts
- Accreditation
- Workforce Skill Sets

To CAP or not to CAP?



- DISA
- SPAWAR
- No CAP?
- Stand up your own?

But There Is Hope

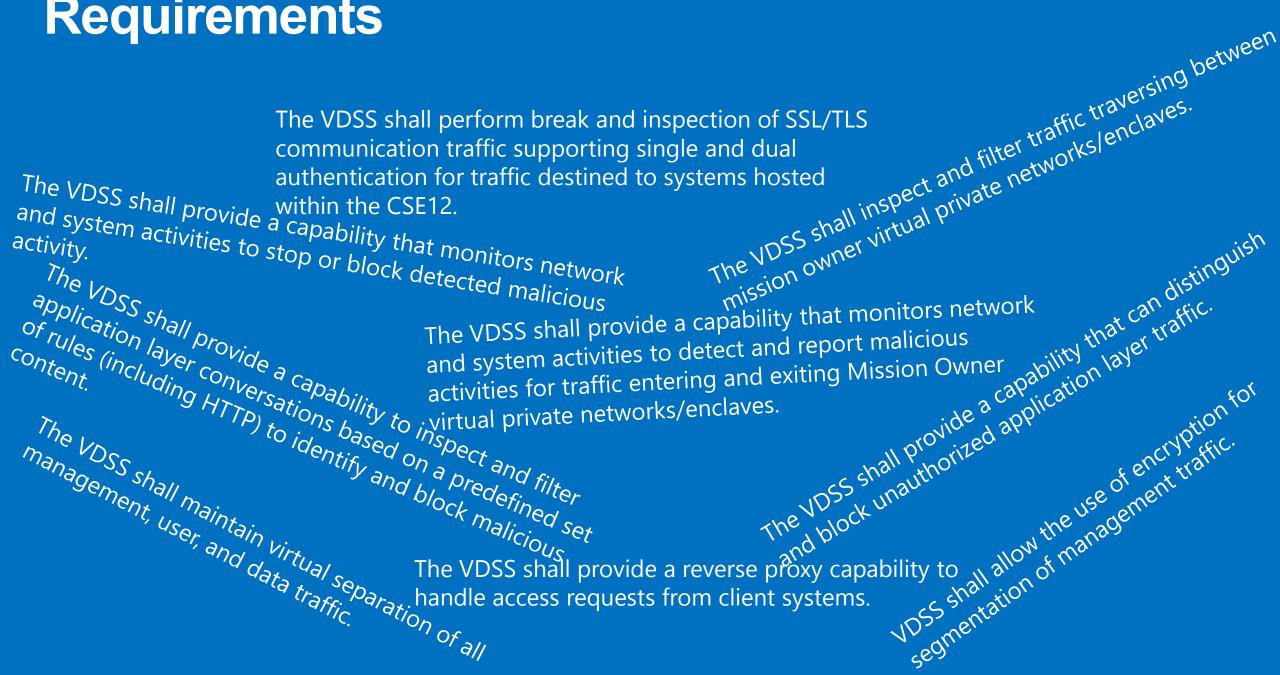


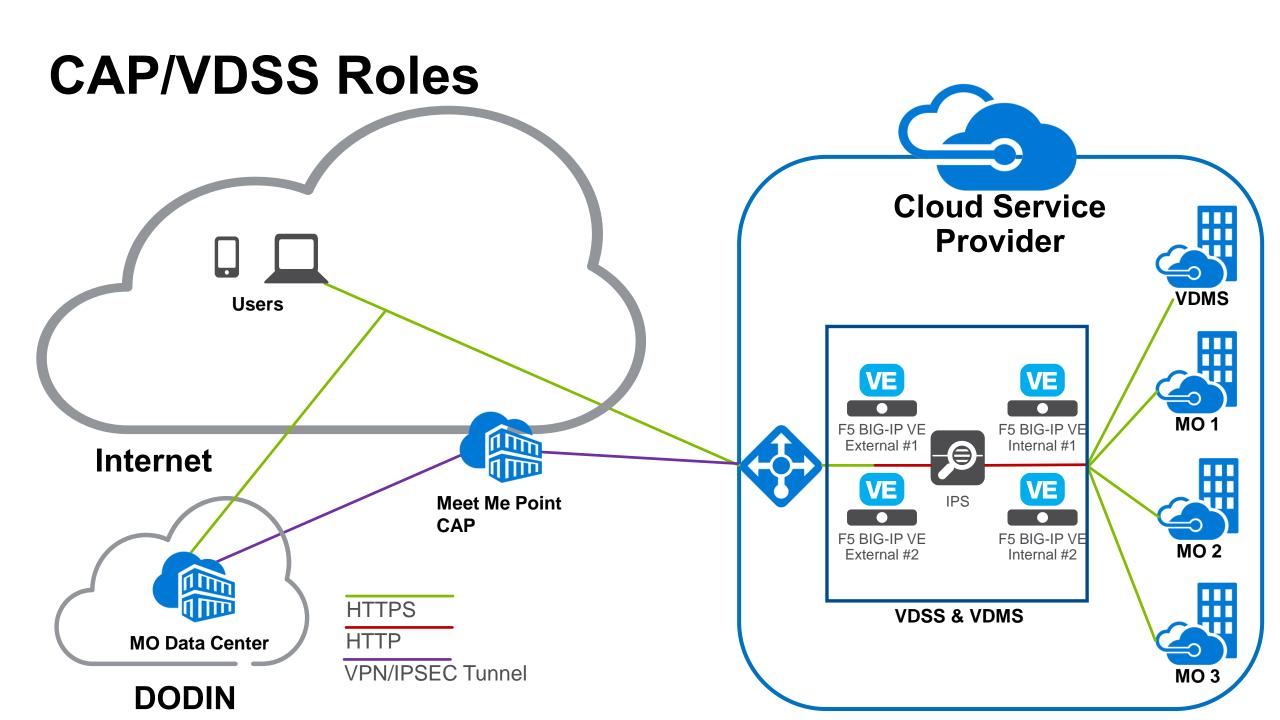
- Some Early Adopters
- Office 365 is a Key Driver
- Cloud Service Providers are Ramping Up Fed Offerings
- Navy Will Be a Big Cloud Customer Over the Next 5 Years
 - Application Hosting (1700ish Apps)
 - Office 365 for 700,000+ Users

Terms

- SCCA Secure Cloud Computing Architecture
- 4 Components
- CAP Cloud Access Point
- ICAP Internal Cloud Access Point
- BCAP Boundary Cloud Access Point
- VDSS Virtual Datacenter Security Stack
- VDMS Virtual Datacenter Management Services
- Management of other Services
- TCCM Trusted Cloud Credential Manager
- A person

Requirements





BCAP - Requirements

REQ ID.	BCAP Security Requirements	Module
2.1.1.1.1	The BCAP shall provide the capability to detect and prevent malicious code injection into the DISN originating from the CSE	ASM
2.1.1.1.2	The BCAP shall provide the capability to detect and thwart single and multiple node DOS attacks	ASM/AFM
2.1.1.1.3	The BCAP shall provide the ability to perform detection and prevention of traffic flow having unauthorized source and destination IP addresses, protocols, and Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)/User Datagram Protocol (UDP) ports	ASM
2.1.1.1.4	The BCAP shall provide the capability to detect and prevent IP Address Spoofing and IP Route Hijacking	ASM
2.1.1.1.5	The BCAP shall provide the capability to prevent device identity policy infringement (prevent rogue device access)	APM
2.1.1.1.6	The BCAP shall provide the capability to detect and prevent passive and active network enumeration scanning originating from within the CSE	AFM
2.1.1.7	The BCAP shall provide the capability to detect and prevent unauthorized data exfiltration from the DISN to an end-point inside CSE	Limited
2.1.1.1.8	The BCAP and/or BCAP Management System shall provide the capability to sense, correlate, and warn on advanced persistent threats	ASM

BCAP – Requirements Cont.

REQ ID.		Module
2.1.1.1.9	The BCAP shall provide the capability to detect custom traffic and activity signatures	ASM
2.1.1.1.10	The BCAP shall provide an interface to conduct ports, protocols, and service management (PPSM) activities in order to provide control for BCND providers	AFM/APM
2.1.1.1.11	The BCAP shall provide full packet capture (FPC) for traversing communications	TMOS/Core
2.1.1.1.12	The BCAP shall provide network packet flow metrics and statistics for all traversing communications	TMOS/Core
2.1.1.1.13	The BCAP shall provide the capability to detect and prevent application session hijacking	ASM

VDSS - Requirements

REQ ID.	BCAP Security Requirements	Module
2.1.2.1	The VDSS shall maintain virtual separation of all management, user, and data traffic.	LTM
2.1.2.2	The VDSS shall allow the use of encryption for segmentation of management traffic.	LTM
2.1.2.3	The VDSS shall provide a reverse proxy capability to handle access requests from client systems.	LTM
2.1.2.4	The VDSS shall provide a capability to inspect and filter application layer conversations based on a predefined set of rules (including HTTP) to identify and block malicious content.	ASM
2.1.2.5	The VDSS shall provide a capability that can distinguish and block unauthorized application layer traffic.	ASM
2.1.2.6	The VDSS shall provide a capability that monitors network and system activities to detect and report malicious activities for traffic entering and exiting Mission Owner virtual private networks/enclaves.	ASM
2.1.2.7	The VDSS shall provide a capability that monitors network and system activities to stop or block detected malicious activity.	ASM
2.1.2.8	The VDSS shall inspect and filter traffic traversing between mission owner virtual private networks/enclaves.	LTM/ASM
2.1.2.9	The VDSS shall perform break and inspection of SSL/TLS communication traffic supporting single and dual authentication for traffic destined to systems hosted within the CSE12.	LTM/APM

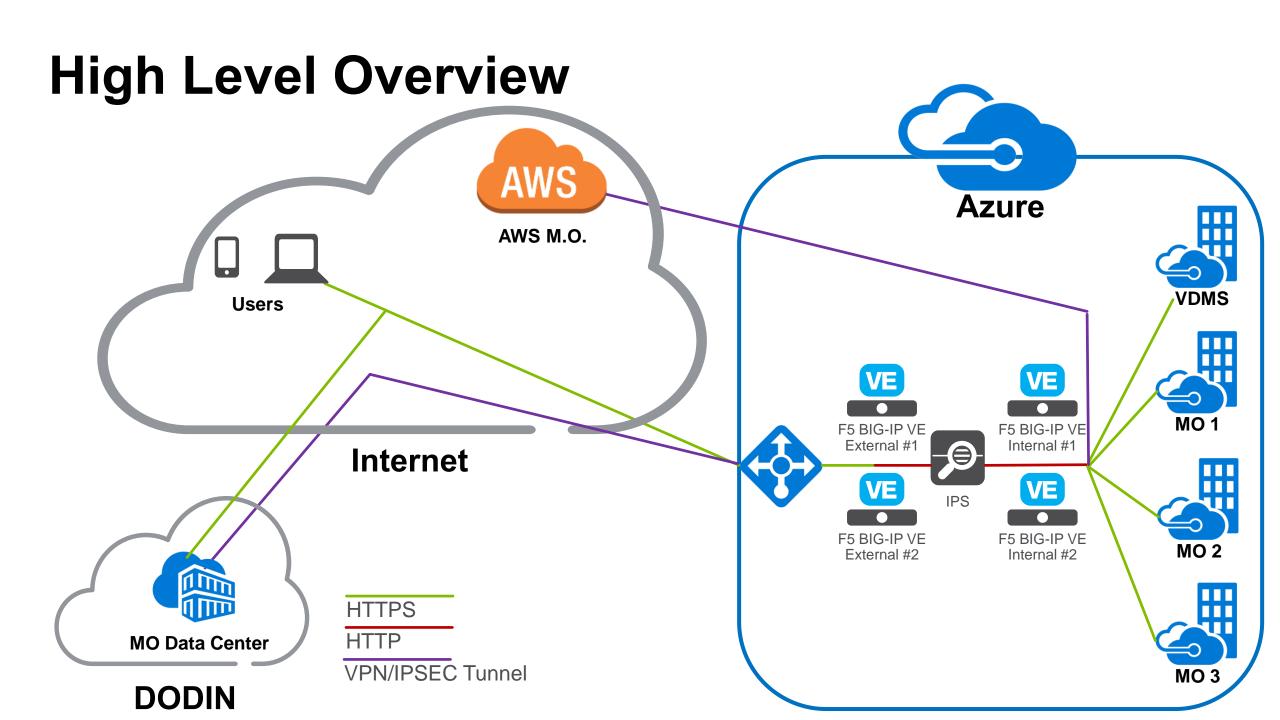
VDSS – Requirements Cont.

REQ ID.	BCAP Security Requirements	Module
2.1.2.10	The VDSS shall provide an interface to conduct ports, protocols, and service management (PPSM) activities in order to provide control for MCD operators.	APM/AFM
2.1.2.11	The VDSS shall provide a monitoring capability that captures log files and event data for cybersecurity analysis.	LTM
2.1.2.12	The VDSS shall provide or feed security information and event data to an allocated archiving system for common collection, storage, and access to event logs by privileged users performing Boundary and Mission CND activities.	TMOS/Core
2.1.2.13	The VDSS shall provide a FIPS-140-2 compliant encryption key management system for storage of DoD generated and assigned server private encryption key credentials for access and use by the Web Application Firewall (WAF) in the execution of SSL/TLS break and inspection of encrypted communication sessions.	LTM
2.1.2.14	The VDSS shall provide the capability to detect and identify application session hijacking.	ASM
2.1.2.15	The VDSS shall provide a DoD DMZ Extension to support to support Internet Facing Applications.	LTM
2.1.2.16	The VDSS shall provide full packet capture (FPC) or cloud service equivalent FPC capability for recording and interpreting traversing communications.	LTM
2.1.2.17	The VDSS shall provide network packet flow metrics and statistics for all traversing communications.	LTM
2.1.2.18	The VDSS shall provide for the inspection of traffic entering and exiting each mission owner virtual private network.	LTM

VDMS – Requirements

REQ ID.	BCAP Security Requirements	F5
2.1.3.1	The VDMS shall provide Assured Compliance Assessment Solution (ACAS), or approved equivalent, to conduct continuous monitoring for all enclaves within the CSE.	N/A
2.1.3.2	The VDMS shall provide Host Based Security System (HBSS).	N/A
2.1.3.3	The VDMS shall provide identity services to include an OCSP responder for remote system DoD CAC two-factor authentication of DoD privileged users to systems instantiated within the CSE.	APM
2.1.3.4	The VDMS shall provide a configuration and update management system to serve systems and applications for all enclaves within the CSE.	BIG-IQ
2.1.3.5	The VDMS shall provide logical domain services to include directory access, directory federation, DHCP, and DNS for all enclaves within the CSE.	APM/BIG-IP DNS
2.1.3.6	The VDMS shall provide a network for managing systems and applications within the CSE that is logically separate from the user and data networks.	LTM/APM
2.1.3.7	The VDMS shall provide a system, security, application, and user activity event logging and archiving system for common collection, storage, and access to event logs by privileged users performing BCP and MCP activities.	TMOS/Core
2.1.3.8	The VDMS shall provide for the exchange of DoD privileged user authentication and authorization attributes with the CSP's Identity and access management system to enable cloud system provisioning, deployment, and configuration.	APM
2.1.3.9	The VDMS shall implement the technical capabilities necessary to execute the mission and objectives of the TCCM role.	APM

Combined CAP, VDSS & VDMS **Cloud Service Provider VDMS Users** VE **MO** 1 F5 BIG-IP VE F5 BIG-IP VE External #1 Internal #1 Internet F5 BIG-IP VE F5 BIG-IP VE **MO 2** External #2 Internal #2 **HTTPS HTTP MO Data Center** VPN/IPSEC Tunnel CAP, VDSS & VDMS **MO** 3 DODIN



Extensibility

Meet Me Point

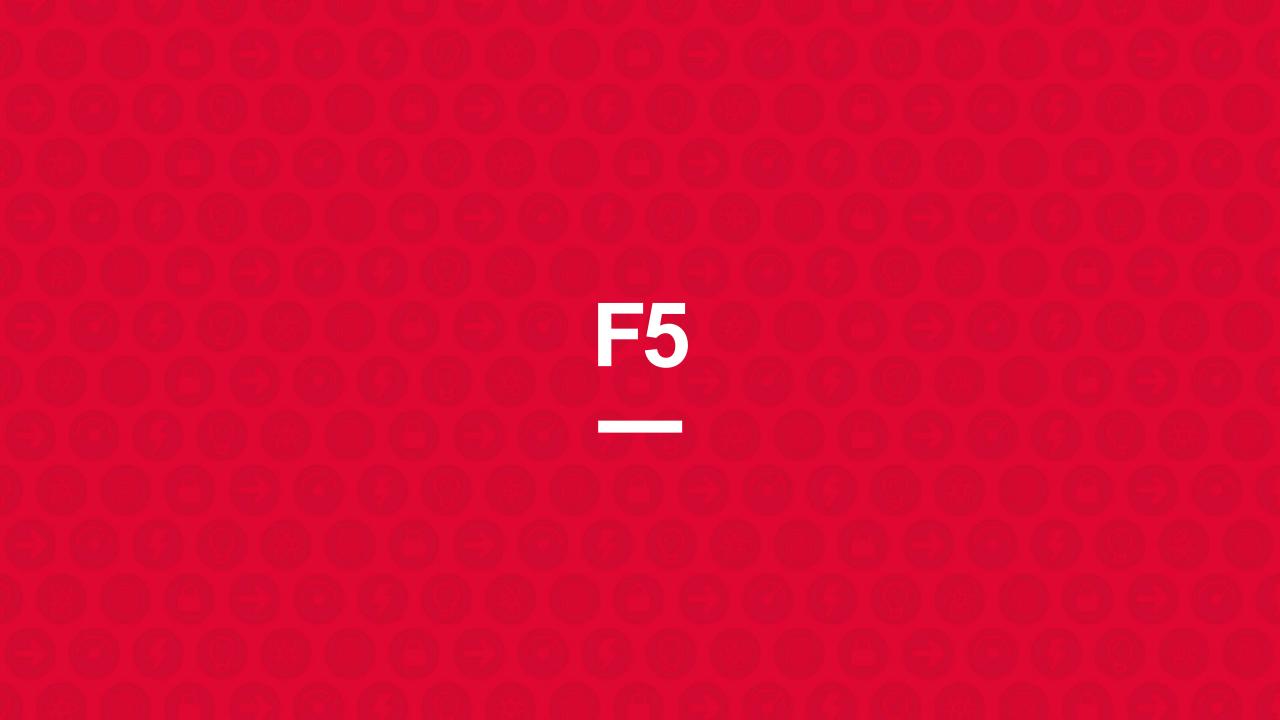
Physical TLS Termination FIPS140-2 L3

Express Routes

IDS/IPS NGFW DLP & More

IPSEC Tunnels

Voltron is a Verb

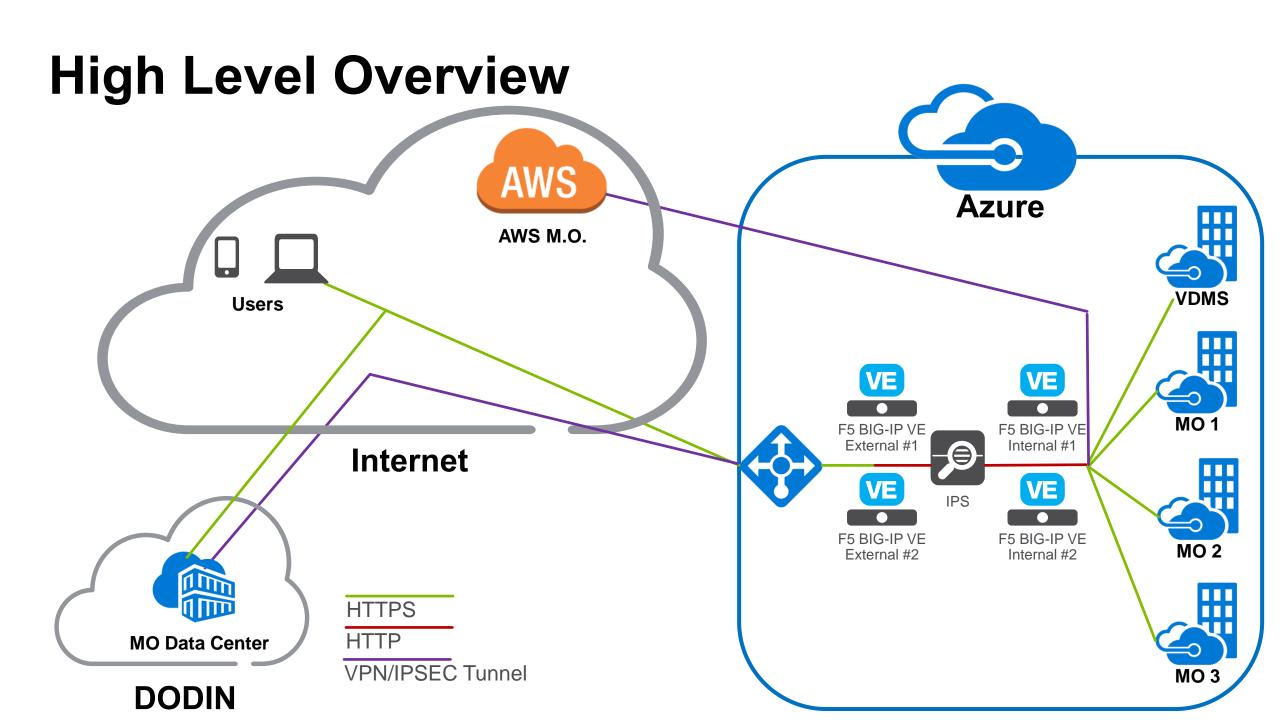


What are our application services?



- App Security SSL inspection, DDoS protection, Network Firewall, DNS Firewall, L7 Web Application Firewall, bot detection, anti-fraud, anti-phishing, compliance reporting.
- App Access & Identity Endpoint inspection, antimalware, SAML federation, Cloud federation, Single Sign-On, SSL VPN, per app VPN, MDM integration.
- App Availability Data center & server load balancing, DNS caching and DNS resolution, cloud bursting, disaster recovery.





Protect Your Public Cloud Apps with F5 WAF



Ensure continuous business operation by protecting applications and their data

The Problem

Protecting your applications & data from attacks or loss?

- Cloud vendor's basic firewall capabilities do not protect applications layer attacks
- Constantly evolving array of attack surfaces and frameworks
- Most attacks are hidden in encrypted traffic
- Web application attacks accounted for 40% of data breaches in 2016¹

The Solution

BIG-IP ASM VE

- Complete protection against OWASP top 10 and mitigation of L7 DDoS attacks
- Automated-learning adapts security policies to protect against newly emerging attack types
- SSL Decryption to provide visibility and mitigate encrypted attacks
- Supports both positive and negative security models
- Automated patches mitigate zero-day attacks

Benefits

Reduce Business Risk

- Prevent attackers taking down applications and data theft, thus increasing user satisfaction and business revenue
- Prevent data leakage that could damage company reputation
- Highly customizable security policies to suit individual business requirements
- Adherence with major regulatory standards (PCI-DSS, HIPAA etc.)

Secure Access to Public Cloud Apps with F5



Secure, simplified user access to all public cloud applications

The Problem

Providing access to apps without compromising security

- Many application users required to memorize large number of ID & Password combinations
- Admins managing multitude of policies & applications per user
- Concerns with putting company user information in the cloud
- Internet facing applications are ripe for hacks/attacks

The Solution

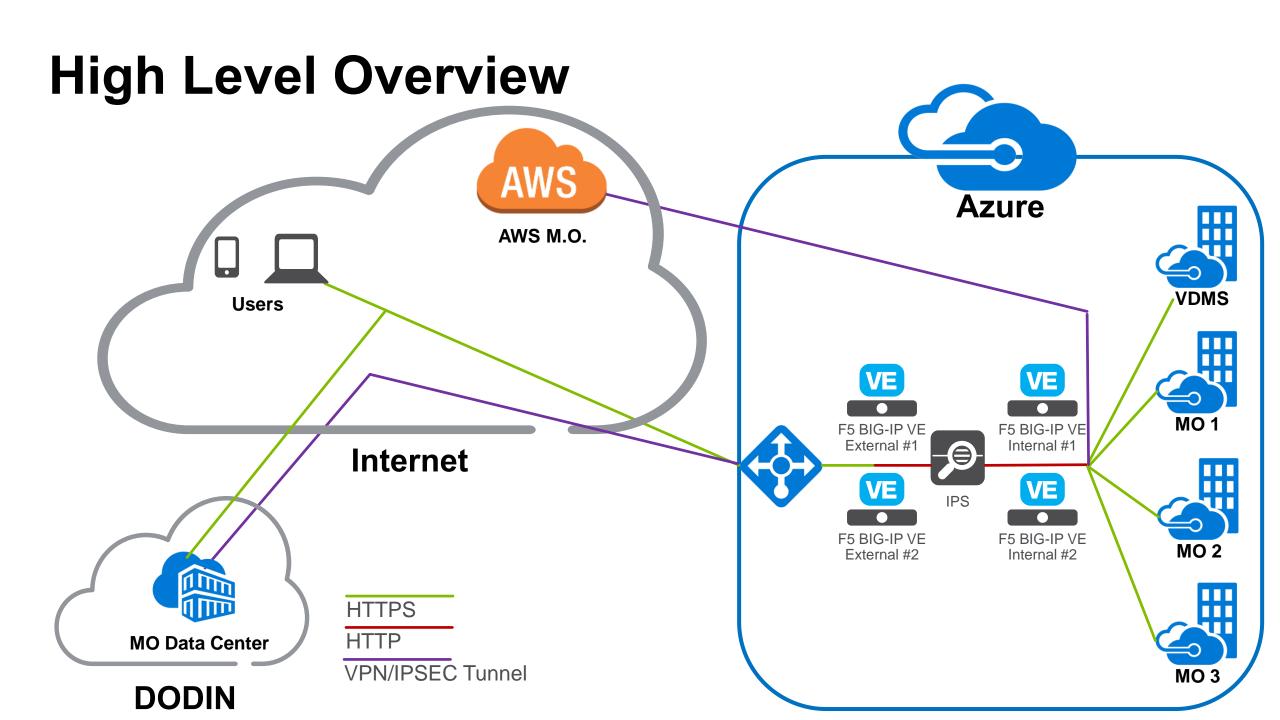
BIG-IP APM VE

- Federated user identity and single sign on (SSO) across hybrid cloud deployments
- Vast array of authentication methods including Multi-factor Authentication & Oauth
- Integrates with on-premise active directory to maintain security of credentials
- Visual Policy editor enables fast, error-free policy creation & modification

Benefits

Simple & Secure Access

- Eliminate 'password fatigue' for users
- Fast, simple access policy development & deployment
- Single access solution for public cloud, SaaS and on premise applications
- No need to pass user credentials to applications, instead a trusted token is used to gain user access, enhancing security



F5 Provides Intelligent Traffic Management



Deliver an optimized application experience for your customers

The Problem

Ensuring application availability

- Lost Revenue resulting from high-latency or unavailability of applications
- Lack of visibility and programmatic control over encrypted network traffic
- Complex configuration and management of application services

The Solution

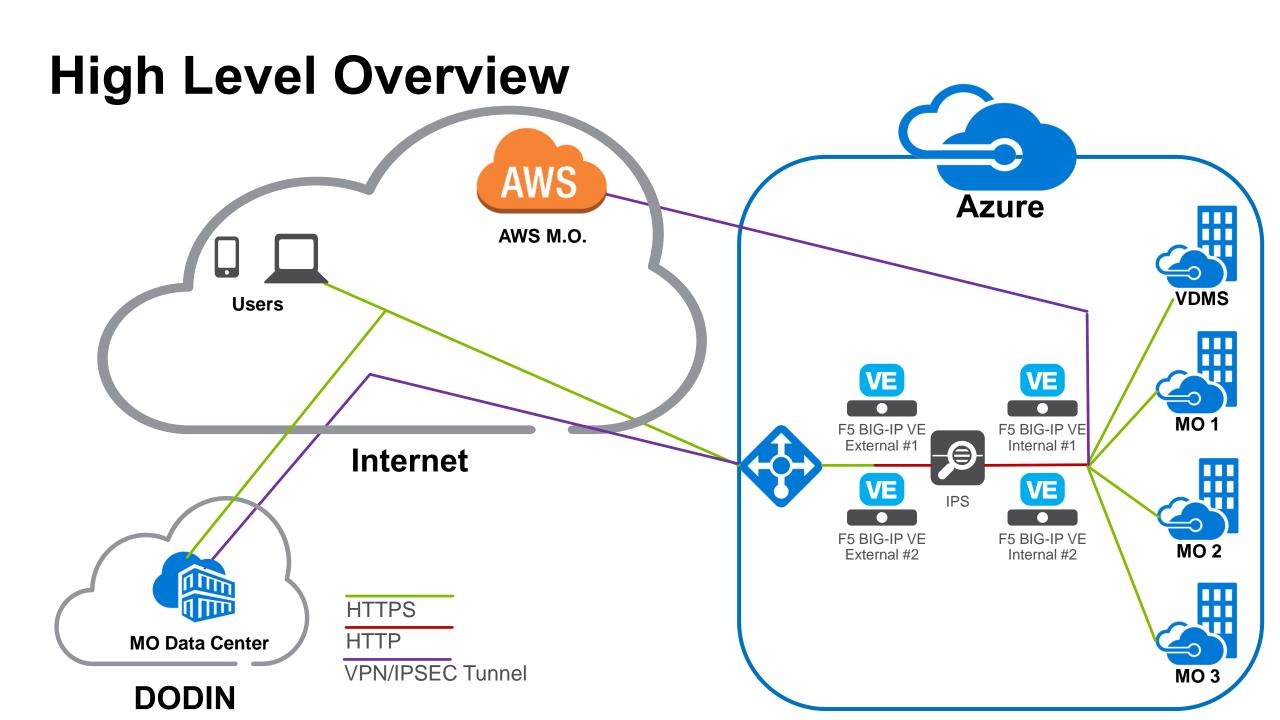
BIG-IP LTM VE

- Advanced traffic management capabilities with 27 supported protocols and 7 load balancing algorithms
- Industry best SSL offloading
- Programmability and manipulation of traffic flows through F5 iRules
- Simplified deployment and management of applications with F5 iApps templates

Benefits

Increased app performance & availability

- Minimized application latency for assured user experience and customer satisfaction
- SSL offloading combined with F5 iRules provides visibility and control over traffic, tightening network security.
- Automated deployments reduce management complexity



F5 Delivers Global Server Load Balancing



Hyper scale your DNS infrastructure and ensure app availability across hybrid-cloud environments

The Problem

Improving Global Application Performance

- High-latency applications or inability to connect to apps impacts user experience
- Large volumetric DNS DDoS attacks, cache poisoning and other security threats impact business operations
- Inability to load balance across hybrid-cloud environments

The Solution

BIG-IP DNS VE

- Re\Direct users to globally distributed servers across multi-cloud environments based on their real-time operating performance
- Provide DNS firewall services and DNSSEC signing to ensure security of DNS infrastructure
- VE's provide up to 900,000 DNS query RPS

Benefits

Enhanced user experience & business revenue

- Provide optimized user experience by reducing latency from 300ms to as little as 15ms
- Prevent DNS DDoS attacks & cache poisoning, leading to increased app availability and revenue
- Increase availability by utilizing multiple public clouds to host identical applications

Secure Azure Computing Architecture (SACA)

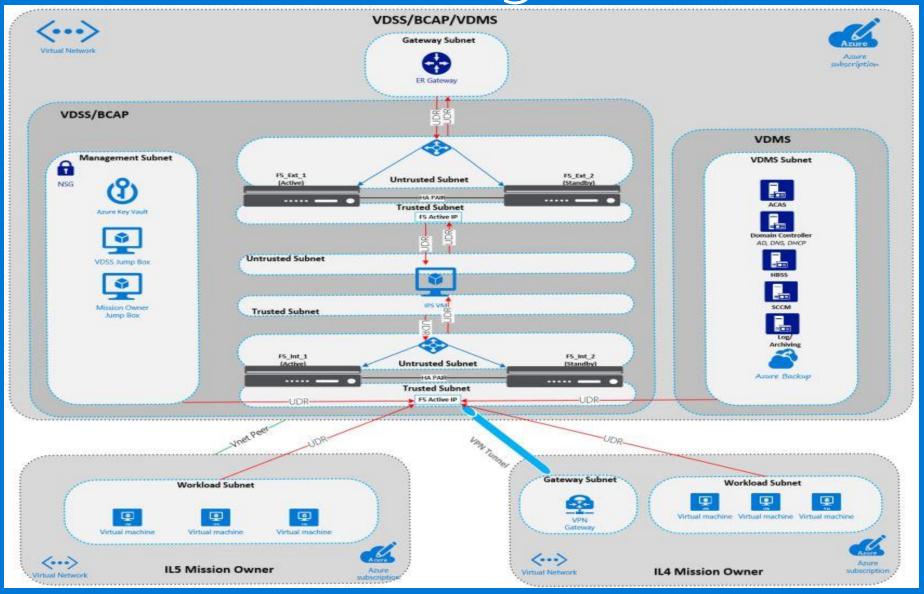
F5 / Microsoft SACA

- High Availability
- Ingress / Egress Traffic
- Visibility
- L3/L4 Logging
- L7 Request Logging
- SSL Inspection
- Security
- L3/L4, L7 DDoS
- Network Firewall
- Web Application Firewall
- Azure Integrated

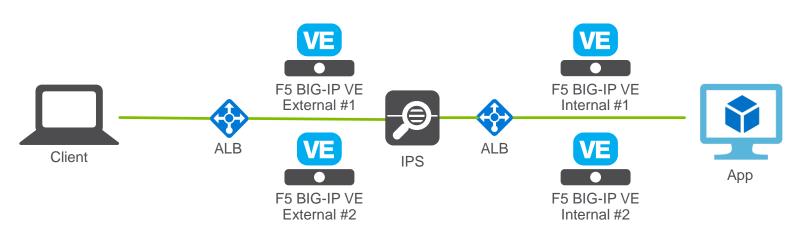




SACA Diagram

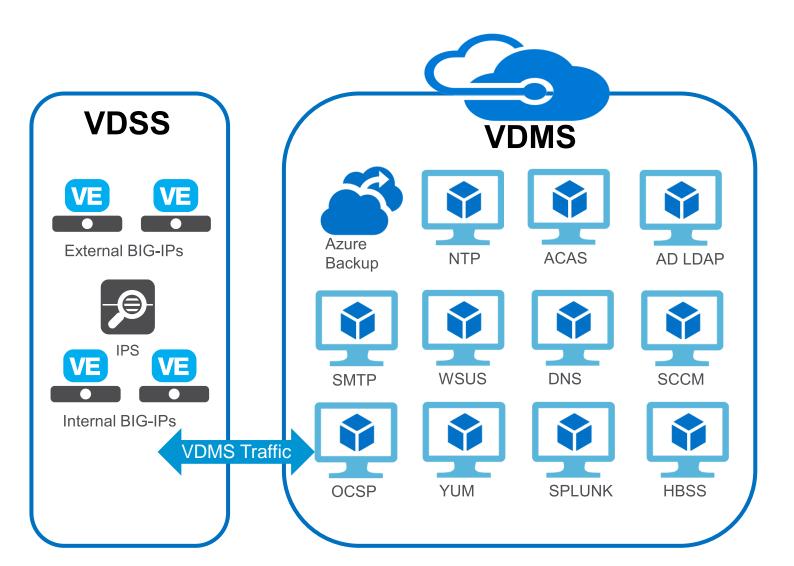


SACA - VDSS Overview



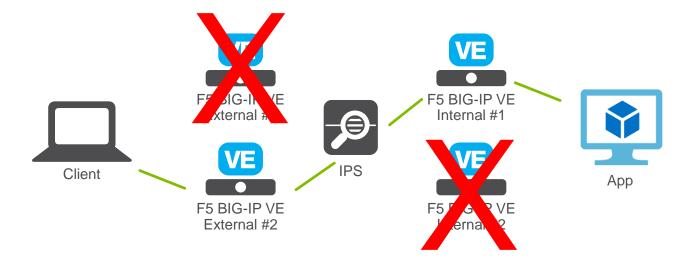
- High Availability
- External / Internal pair of F5 devices
- Visibility
- Traffic Logging
- SSL inspection zone
- Authentication
- CAC/ALT/PIV Authentication
- Security
- Network Firewall
- Web Application Firewall
- Prescribed Solutions
- IPS Firepower/McAfee NSP

SACA - VDMS Overview

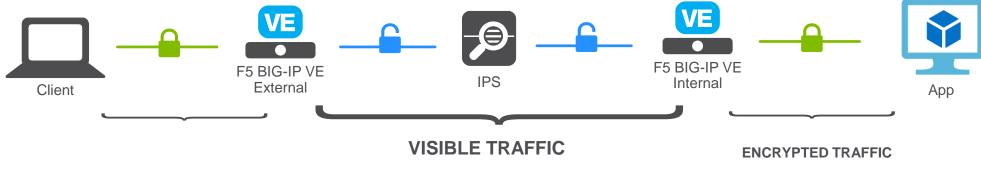


- Visibility
- Traffic Logging
- Authentication
- Azure AD
- Continuous Monitoring
- Log Archiving
- Azure Backup
- SCCM
- Prescribed Solutions
- ACAS
- SPLUNK
- HBSS

High Availability

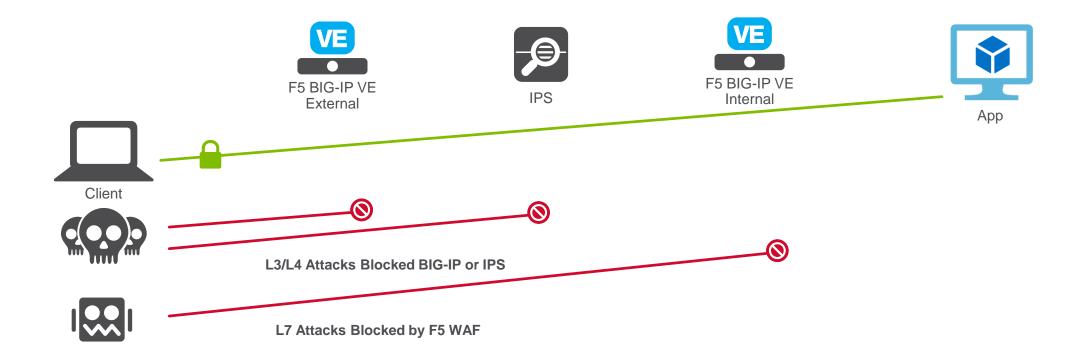


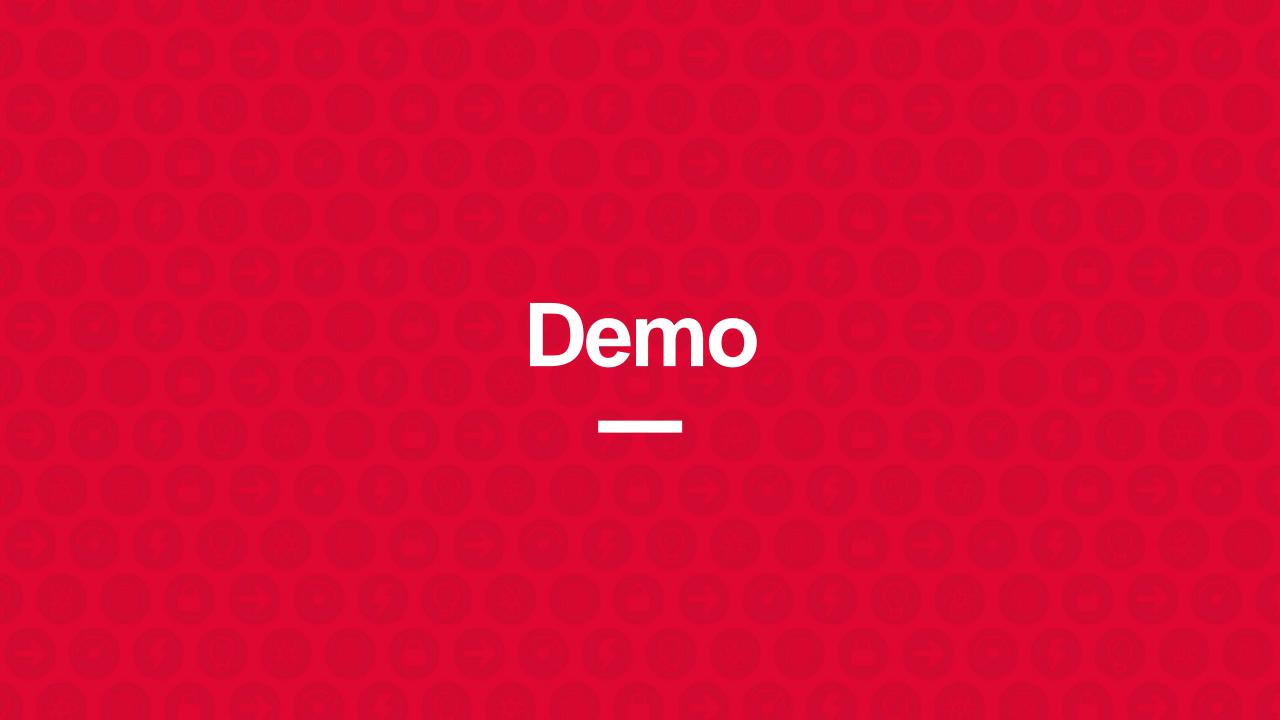
SSL Visibility



ENCRYPTED TRAFFIC

Layered Security





After Deployment Completes



f5-alb-ext-pip0	Public IP address
f5-alb-ext-pip1	Public IP address

Resource group (change)

chen_F5_External

IP address

52.247.168.220

DNS name

_

Associated to

f5-ext-alb

Click to copy

- Sabsenpalon

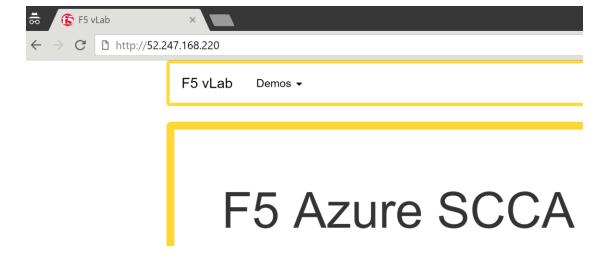
Azure F5 SCC

Subscription ID

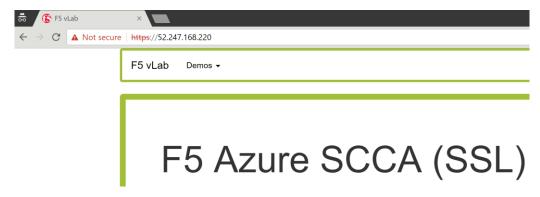
8e9cb3c0-22c

Demo Sites

HTTP

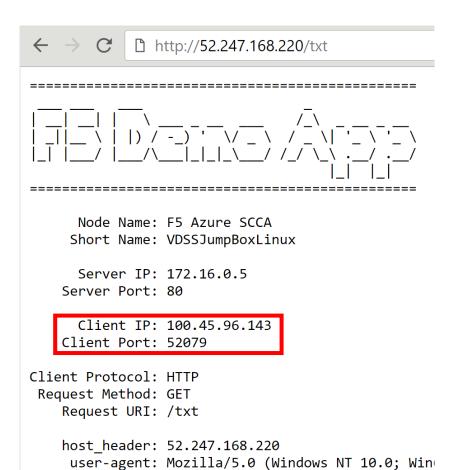


HTTPS (SSL)



Text Version

HTTP

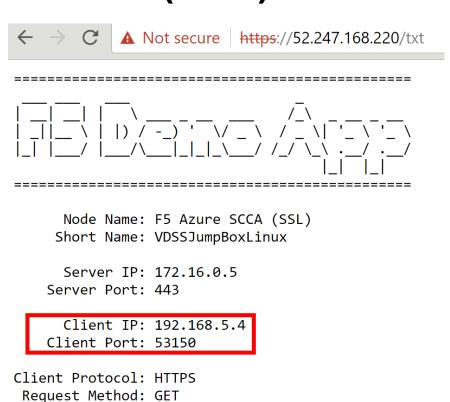


HTTPS (SSL)

Request URI: /txt

host header: 52.247.168.220

x-forwarded-for: 100.45.96.143



user-agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64

Packet Capture: IPS

No SSL Visibility



Node Name: F5 Azure SCCA (SSL) Short Name: VDSSJumpBoxLinux

Server IP: 172.16.0.5

Server Port: 8443

Client IP: 100.45.96.143

Client Port: 55906

Client Protocol: HTTPS Request Method: GET Request URI: /txt

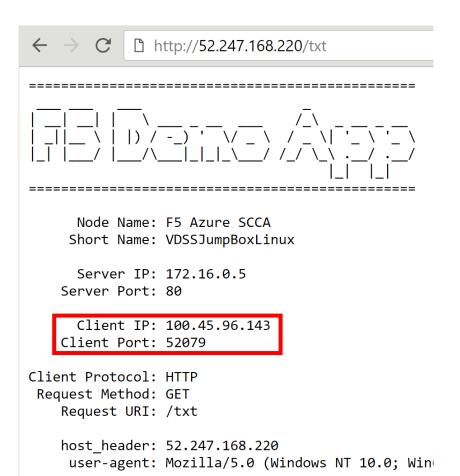
Packet Capture

```
100.45.96.143.55905 > 172.16.0.5.443: Flags [S], cks
seq 361063190, win 8192, options [mss 1314,nop,wscale 8,
.4..@.m..
2:46:55.731681 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 62, id 0, offset 0, fla
 length 52)
  172.16.0.5.443 > 100.45.96.143.55905: Flags [S.], ck
seq 493141367, ack 361063191, win 29200, options [mss 1
,wscale 7], length 0
..4..@.>.....d-`....a.d.w..c...r.\......`.....
2:46:55.762953 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 109, id 233, offset 0,
(6), length 40)
  100.45.96.143.55905 > 172.16.0.5.443: Flags [.], cks
eq 1, ack 1, win 64, length 0
 .(..@.m...d-`....a....c..d.xP..@.-..
2:46:55.764062 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 109, id 234, offset 0,
(6), length 557)
  100.45.96.143.55905 > 172.16.0.5.443: Flags [P.], ck
seq 1:518, ack 1, win 64, length 517
..-..@.m...d-`....a....c..d.xP..@.).............pI,
....v.. .LP.f#..
..7dA.....N'.....+./.,.0...../.5.
...zz.....#..pb..9..{....j.'.d.Jk......V>..d.D
.) w.7....*..r.... n=.f...{~.f..k...A..d.x.
....*R...k....&.{)q..x...lo..w*.EY.A..js(....".....Ky.
```

sudo tcpdump -i eth0 -vvv -n -s 0 -A "(port 80 or port 443) and (host 192.168.4.7 or host 100.45.96.143)"

Text Version

HTTP



HTTPS (SSL)

x-forwarded-for: 100.45.96.143



user-agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64

Packet Capture: External

HTTP

```
11:57:51.883610 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 255, id 50855
    52.247.168.220.http > 100.45.96.143.64499:
ack 500, win 4050, length 600 out slot1/thm3 ils=/Co
....E.......@......4....d-`..P...[... ...P...*.G..HTTP/1.:
Date: Fri, 19 Jan 2018 11:57:51 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.29 (Unix) LibreSSL/2.5.5
Accept-Ranges: bytes
X-COLOR: ffd734
Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: text/plain
      Node Name:
   Azure SCCA
```

HTTPS (SSL)

```
l2:02:58.623093 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 110, id 23718, offset 0, fla
   100.45.96.143.65218 > 52.247.168.220.https: Flags [P.],
326, ack 1857716426, win 16616, length 615 in slot1/tmm1 lis=
...E...\.@.n..3d-`.4......`..n...P.@.....b..........X2
 ....+.A.+..U.....y.H
m....H.....n.<.L....(....zp.O..!.R...4..[4..0!.."...q
 .&.f....eq.....'.=^L+kM.q. ....3=...j.pG.w....R.N....
2:02:58.623102 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 255, id 59319, offset 0, fla
   52.247.168.220.https > 100.45.96.143.65218: Flags [.], c
15, win 5503, length 0 out slot1/tmm1 lis=/Common/ssl visib
...E..(..@....4...d-`....n...`...P....../Common/ss
2:02:58.624154 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 255, id 59321, offset 0, fla
   100.45.96.143.12461 > 192.168.4.7.http: Flags [P.], cksur
1307191016, ack 2516132629, win 6428, length 586 out slot1/
 ...E..r..@....`d-`.....0..PM.$...#.P......GET /txt HTTP/1.
 ost: 52.247.168.220
```

Client to External F5: HTTPS (SSL) External F5 to IPS: HTTP

tcpdump -i 0.0 -vvv -n -s 0 -A "(port 80 or port 443) and (host 192.168.2.7 or host 100.45.96.143)"

Packet Capture: IPS

HTTP

```
12:07:39.886603 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 62, id 22419, (ffset 0,
   172.16.0.5.80 > 100.45.96.143.49686: Flags
                                               P.], cksum
       HTTP/1.1 200 OK
       Date: Fri, 19 Jan 2018 12:07:39 GMT
       Server: Apache/2.4.29 (Unix) LibreSSL/2.5.5
       Accept-Ranges: bytes
       X-COLOR: ffd734
       Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
       Connection: Keep-Alive
       Transfer-Encoding: chunked
       Content-Type: text/plain
       158
             Node Name:
       F5 Azure SCCA
```

HTTPS (SSL)

sudo tcpdump -i eth0 -vvv -n -s 0 -A "(port 80 or port 443) and (host 192.168.2.7 or host 100.45.96.143)"

Packet Capture: Internal

HTTP

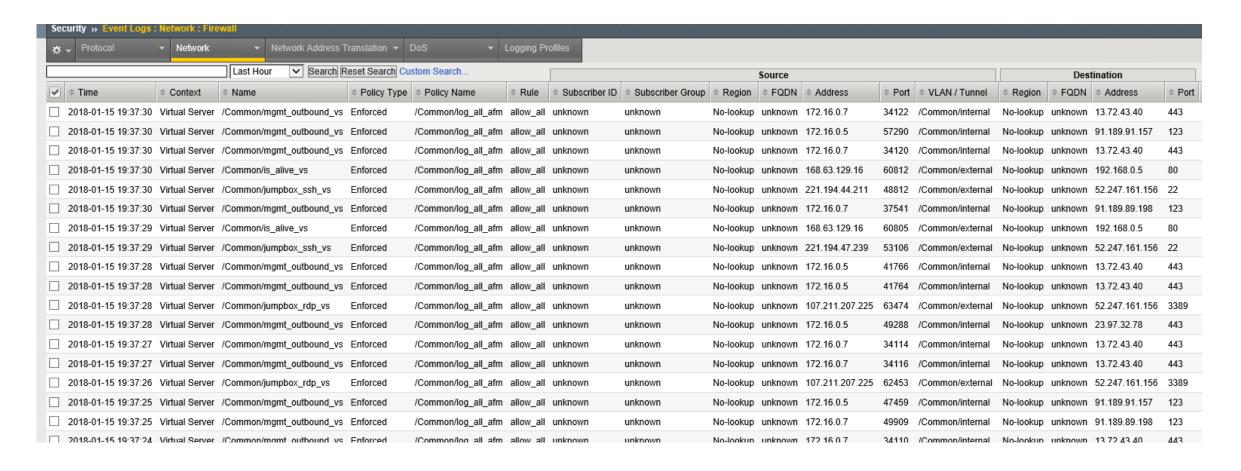
```
2:13:19.965630 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 63, id 58759,
   172.16.0.5.http > 100.45.96.143.50618: Flags
083, Win 30264, length 669 out slot1/tmm2 lis=/Co
 ...E.....@.?......d-`..P....vD....P.v8s...HTTP/
Date: Fri, 19 Jan 2018 12:13:19 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.29 (Unix) LibreSSL/2.5.5
ccept-Ranges: bytes
C-COLOR: ffd734
Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: text/plain
     Node Name:
  Azure SCCA
```

HTTPS (SSL)

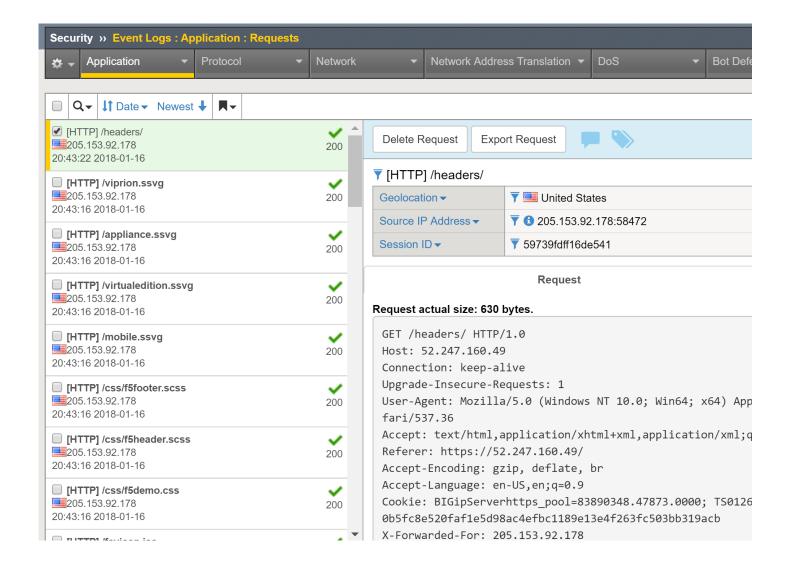
```
2:41:42.444921 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 255, id 16722, of
   192.168.4.7.http > 100.45.96.143.48118: Flags
win 54883, length 0 out slot1/tmm2 lis=/Common/ht
 ...E.. (AR@.....d-`..P..#....X..P..c.....7...
12:41:42.444940 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 255, id 16724, of
   192.168.4.7.http > 100.45.96.143.48118: Flags
586, win 54883, length 954 out slot1/tmm2 lis=/Co
 ...E...AT@....U....d-`..P..#....X..P..c.@..HTTP/1
Accept-Ranges: bytes
 -COLOR: ffd734
Content-Type: text/plain
Connection: Keep-Alive
Date: Fri, 19 Jan 2018 12:41:42 GMT
       2369
Content-Length:
                       767
     Node Name: F5 Azure SCCA (SSL)
```

sudo tcpdump -i eth0 -vvv -n -s 0 -A "(port 80 or port 443) and (host 192.168.4.7 or host 100.45.96.143)"

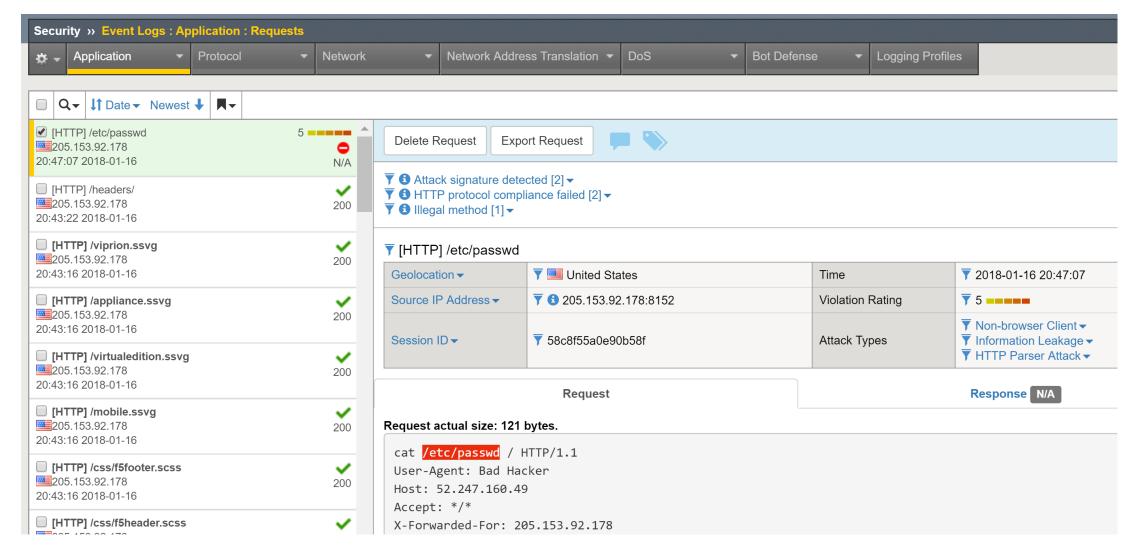
Logging: Firewall



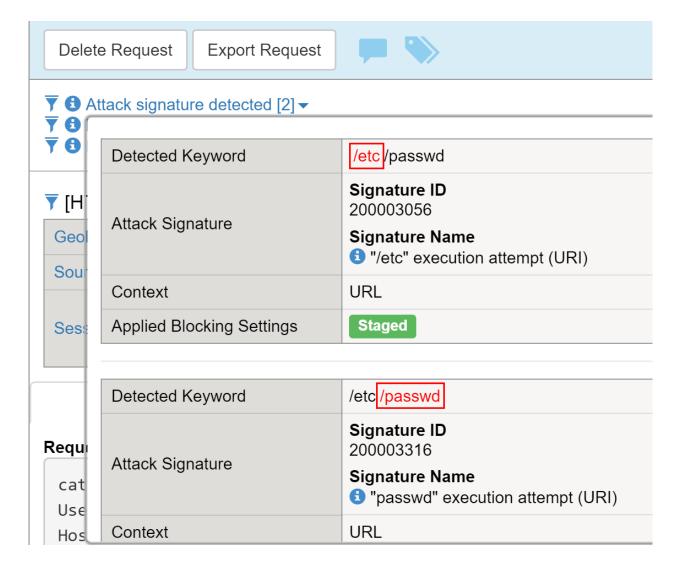
Logging: Web Application Firewall



Logging: Web Application Firewall



Logging: Web Application Firewall



Learn more

Architecture Documentation:

http://f5-azure-saca.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

GitHub Repository:

https://github.com/f5devcentral/f5-azure-saca



Contact Info

F5

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Upcoming Sessions

Privileged User Access - 11-12pm

- Jimmy Jennings, Systems Engineer, F5

Lunch - 12-12:30pm

Multi-Cloud TechTalk— 12:30-1:30pm

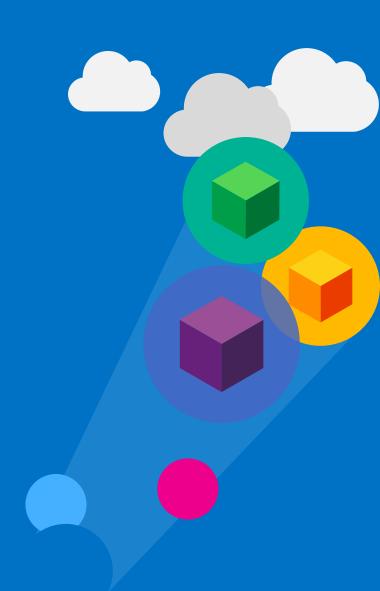
- Paul Simmons, Systems Engineer, F5

Capture the Flag Contest – 1:45 4:45pm

-Peter Scheffler, Solution Architect, F5

AFCEA USNI West 2018 Reception - 6-8pm

@ Marriott Marquis San Diego Marina Bayside Pavilion



Questions

